

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Power Lube w/PTFE

Other means of identification

73045 Product code

Recommended use Multi-purpose lubricant

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufactured or sold by:

Company name CRC Canada Co. 2-1246 Lorimar Dr. **Address**

Mississauga, Ontario L5S 1R2

Canada

Telephone 905-670-2291 Website www.crc-canada.ca

E-mail Support.CA@crcindustries.com

Emergency phone number 24-Hour Emergency 800-424-9300 (Canada)

> 703-527-3887 (International) (CHEMTREC)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable aerosols Category 1

> Gases under pressure Liquefied gas Physical hazards not otherwise classified Category 1

Health hazards Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A

> Reproductive toxicity Category 2 Aspiration hazard Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 3

Environmental hazards hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

Category 3 long-term hazard

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Static **Hazard statement**

> accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of damaging

fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.

Response IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF IN

> EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF exposed or

concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Material name: Power Lube w/PTFE SDS CANADA Storage Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to

temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Other hazards None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-47-8	30 - 60
liquefied petroleum gas		68476-86-8	10 - 30
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy		64742-70-7	7 - 13
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light		64742-71-8	3 - 7
2-methylpentane		107-83-5	1 - 5
dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether		34590-94-8	1 - 5
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers		61788-89-4	1 - 5
methyl salicylate		119-36-8	1 - 5
petrolatum		8009-03-8	1 - 5
sorbitan monotallate		61791-48-8	1 - 5
distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic		64741-88-4	0.5 - 1.5
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-49-0	0.5 - 1.5
n-hexane		110-54-3	0.1 - 1

The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If

vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Diarrhea. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemicals. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

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Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Fire fighting equipment/instructions Specific methods

General fire hazards

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent product from entering drains. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage. including any incompatibilities

Level 3 Aerosol.

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold L	imit Values
A	

Components	Туре	Value Form	
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)	STEL	150 ppm	
,	TWA	100 ppm	

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
Components	Type	Value	Form
distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic (CAS 64741-88-4)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm	
paraffin oils (petroleum),	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)		•	
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupation	al Health & Safety Code, So	hedule 1, Table 2)	
Components	Туре	Value	Form
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)	STEL	3500 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
	TWA	1760 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)	STEL	909 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
	TWA	606 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Vapor.
distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
paraffinic (CAS 64741-88-4)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS	TWA	1590 mg/m3	Milot.
64742-49-0)		400 ppm	
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	176 mg/m3	
minorano (ente 110 e 10)		50 ppm	
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
(CAS 64742-70-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
(0,10 07172 11-0)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
Canada. British Columbia OELs. (O Safety Regulation 296/97, as amend		ts for Chemical Substances, Oc	ccupational Health and
Components	Type	Value	Form
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)	TWA	200 ppm	
dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)	STEL	150 ppm	
J. 333 G. G.	TWA	100 ppm	

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Safety Regulation 296/97, as amen Components	Type	Value	Form
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.
64742-47-8)			
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	20 ppm	• • •
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light CAS 64742-71-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Mist.
Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217. Components	/2006, The Workplace Safety Type	And Health Act) Value	Form
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	
•	TWA	500 ppm	
lipropylene glycol nonomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)	STEL	150 ppm	
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	TWA	100 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic (CAS 64741-88-4)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm	
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy CAS 64742-70-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light CAS 64742-71-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
petrolatum (CAS 3009-03-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of	Exposure to Biological or C	hemical Agents)	
Components	Туре	Value	
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	
·	TWA	500 ppm	
dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm	
Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry o	f Labor - Regulation Respect	ting the Quality of the Work En	vironment)
Components	Туре	Value	Form
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)	STEL	3500 mg/m3	
	TWA	1000 ppm 1760 mg/m3	
dipropylene glycol	STEL	500 ppm 909 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
	TWA	150 ppm 606 mg/m3 100 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS	TWA TWA	606 mg/m3	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS		606 mg/m3 100 ppm 1590 mg/m3	
distillates (petroleum), nydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8) distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy		606 mg/m3 100 ppm	Mist.
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8) distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy baraffinic (CAS 64741-88-4)	TWA	606 mg/m3 100 ppm 1590 mg/m3 400 ppm	Mist.

Components	Тур	e	V	alue	Form
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	A	1	590 mg/m3	
•			40	00 ppm	
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	4	1	76 mg/m3	
			50	0 ppm	
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)	STE	L	10	0 mg/m3	Mist.
,	TWA	A	5	mg/m3	Mist.
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)	STE	L	10	0 mg/m3	Mist.
()	TWA	A	5	mg/m3	Mist.
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)	STE	L		0 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	\	5	mg/m3	Mist.
logical limit values					
ACGIH Biological Exposu	re Indices				
Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling ¹	Time
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	0.4 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedio n, without hydrolysis	Urine	*	
* - For sampling details, ple	ease see the source doo	cument.			
osure guidelines					
Canada - Alberta OELs: S	kin designation				
dipropylene glycol mor	nomethyl ether (CAS 34	590-94-8) Can be	absorbed thro	ugh the skin.	
	hydrotreated light (CAS		absorbed thro	ugh the skin.	
n-hexane (CAS 110-54	1_3)	Can he	absorbed thro	uah the ekin	

Exp

Canada - British Columbia OELs: Skin designation dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS Can be absorbed through the skin. 64742-47-8) n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: Skin designation

dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8) Can be absorbed through the skin. n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Ontario OELs: Skin designation

Can be absorbed through the skin. dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8) n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Quebec OELs: Skin designation

dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8) Can be absorbed through the skin. n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Saskatchewan OELs: Skin designation

dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8) Can be absorbed through the skin. distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS Can be absorbed through the skin. 64742-47-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8) Can be absorbed through the skin. n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower should be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Eye/face protection

Material name: Power Lube w/PTFE SDS CANADA 6 / 13 Skin protection

Hand protection Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC).

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a

NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to

determine actual employee exposure levels.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove

contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.
Form Aerosol.

Color Amber. White precipitate.

Odor Wintergreen.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -112 °F (-80 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 118.4 °F (48 °C) estimated

range

Flash point < 20 °F (< -6.7 °C) Tag Closed Cup

Evaporation rate Fast.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower 0.6 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper 1

(%)

14 % estimated

Vapor pressure 1078.2 hPa estimated

Vapor density > 1 (air = 1)

Relative density 0.86 estimated

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 404.6 °F (207 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperatureNot available.ViscosityNot available.

Other information

Percent volatile 86.9 % estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition Carbon oxides. Sulfur oxides. Salicylic acid. Hydrocarbons.

products

Material name: Power Lube w/PTFE
73045 Version #: 02 Revision date: 05-22-2017 Issue date: 09-12-2016

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious

chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Diarrhea. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and

blurred vision.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components Species Test Results

dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 9510 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 552 ppm

Oral

LD50 Rat 5135 mg/kg

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat > 20 mg/l, 4 hours

Oral

LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic (CAS 64741-88-4)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 7.6 mg/l, 4 hours

Oral

LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers (CAS 61788-89-4)

Acute

Oral

LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

methyl salicylate (CAS 119-36-8)

Acute

Oral

LD50 Rat 887 mg/kg

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

Material name: Power Lube w/PTFE SDS CANADA

Components **Species Test Results** n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) **Acute** Dermal LD50 Rabbit > 1300 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat 15840 mg/kg paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7) Acute **Dermal**

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)

Acute Dermal

LD50

Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat > 20 mg/l, 4 hours

Oral

LD50 Rat > 2000 mg/kg

sorbitan monotallate (CAS 61791-48-8)

Acute **Dermal**

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat > 20 mg/l, 4 hours

Oral

Rat LD50 39800 mg/kg

Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation. Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Not a respiratory sensitizer. Respiratory sensitization

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are Germ cell mutagenicity

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity

ACGIH Carcinogens

distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic

(CAS 64741-88-4)

paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS

64742-70-7)

paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)

petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)

A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

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^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic

(CAS 64741-88-4)

paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS

64742-70-7)

paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS

64742-71-8)

petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS

64742-71-8)

polytetrafluoroethylene (CAS 9002-84-0) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

Not classified.

repeated exposure **Aspiration hazard**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

12. Ecological information

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. **Ecotoxicity**

Components Speci		Species	Test Results
2-methylpentane (CAS	3 107-83-5)		
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	1 - 10 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fish	1 - 10 mg/l, 96 hours

Aquatic

Acute

Crustacea EC50 Daphnia > 5000 mg/l, 48 hours Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 10000 mg/l, 96 hours LC50 Fish

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia pulex) 2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours

fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers (CAS 61788-89-4)

Aquatic

Acute

Fish LC50 Carp (Cyprinus carpio) > 350 mg/l, 96 hours

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

Aquatic

Acute

Crustacea EC50 Daphnia 1 - 10 mg/l, 48 hours Fish LC50 1 - 10 mg/l, 96 hours Fish

n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 2.101 - 2.981 mg/l, 96 hours

paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)

Aquatic

Acute

Crustacea EC50 Daphnia > 100 mg/l, 48 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

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^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

2-methylpentane 3.74 methyl salicylate 2.55 n-hexane 3.9

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light 10 - 25000

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation

potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal of waste from residues / unused products Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Empty container can be recycled. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of

contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Local disposal regulations

Not regulated. Hazardous waste code

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is Contaminated packaging

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

TDG

UN number UN1950

UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk

Packing group Not applicable.

Environmental hazards

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

AEROSOLS, flammable, Limited Quantity

Special provisions 80. 107

IATA

UN1950 **UN number**

UN proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable, limited quantity

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk

Packing group Not applicable.

Environmental hazards Nο 10L **ERG Code**

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo aircraft

Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only

Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN1950 **UN** number

UN proper shipping name

AEROSOLS, LIMITED QUANTITY

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2 Subsidiary risk

Not applicable. Packing group

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No.

Not available. **EmS**

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Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not established.

15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Country(s) or region

Not applicable.

International Inventories

		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

country(s).

16. Other information

United States & Puerto Rico

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CRC # 494K-L **Further information**

Disclaimer The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not

> be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. This information is accurate to the best of CRC's knowledge or obtained from sources believed by CRC to be accurate. Before using any product, read all warnings and directions on the label. For further clarification of any information contained on this (M)SDS consult your supervisor, a health & safety

professional, or CRC Canada Co..

Inventory name

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Yes

On inventory (yes/no)*

Revision Information

Hazard(s) identification: Hazard statement
Hazard(s) identification: Other hazards
Composition / Information on Ingredients: Component Summary
Composition/information on ingredients: Component information

Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties Ecological Information: Ecotoxicity GHS: Qualifiers